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## 1,4-Bis(hexyloxy)-2,5-diiodobenzene

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=173 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.006 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.029 ; w R$ factor $=0.055 ;$ data-to-parameter ratio $=19.4$.

The centrosymmetric title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$, crystallized in the monoclinic space group $P 2_{1} / c$ with the alkyl chains having extended all-trans conformations, similar to those in the centrosymmetric bromo analogue [Li et al. (2008). Acta Cryst. E64, o1930] that crystallized in the triclinic space group $P \overline{1}$. The difference between the two structures lies in the orientation of the two alkyl chains with respect to the C (aromatic) - O bond. In the title compound, the $O-\mathrm{C}_{\text {alkyl }}-$ $\mathrm{C}_{\text {alkyl }}-\mathrm{C}_{\text {alkyl }}$ torsion angle is $55.8(5)^{\circ}$, while in the bromo analogue this angle is $-179.1(2)^{\circ}$. In the title compound, the C-atoms of the alkyl chain are almost coplanar [maximum deviation of $0.052(5) \AA$ ] and this mean plane is inclined to the benzene ring by $50.3(3)^{\circ}$. In the bromo-analogue, these two mean planes are almost coplanar, making a dihedral angle of 4.1 (2) ${ }^{\circ}$. Another difference between the crystal structures of the two compounds is that in the title compound there are no halide . . halide interactions. Instead, symmetry-related molecules are linked via $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ contacts, forming a twodimensional network.

## Related literature

For use of the title compound in the synthesis of conjugated polymers, see: Van Heyningen et al. (2003); Mayor \& Didschies (2003). For the various syntheses of the title compound, see: Castanet et al. (2002); Van Heyningen et al. (2003); Mayor \& Didschies (2003); Plater et al. (2004). For the synthesis and crystal structure of the bromo analogue, see: Maruyama \& Kawanishi (2002); Li et al. (2008). For bond distances, see Allen et al. (1987).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
$M_{r}=530.20$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{b} / n$
$V=996.80(16) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$
$a=9.4481$ (9) A
Mo K $\alpha$ radiation
$b=7.8455$ (6) A
$\mu=3.16 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$c=13.457$ (2) $\AA$
$T=173 \mathrm{~K}$
$\beta=92.148$ (12)
$0.32 \times 0.11 \times 0.06 \mathrm{~mm}$

Data collection
STOE IPDS diffractometer
7660 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan
MULscanABS in PLATON (Spek, 2009)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.952, T_{\text {max }}=1.042$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.029 \quad 101$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.055$
$S=0.79$
1962 reflections

H -atom parameters constrained 1962 independent reflections 1216 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.058$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.81 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min }=-1.31 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
$\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ interactions $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$.
$C g 1$ is the centroid of the $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3 / \mathrm{C1}^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 3^{\mathrm{i}}$ ring.

| $\mathrm{D}-\mathrm{H} \cdots$ centroid | $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots C g$ | $\mathrm{D} \cdots C g$ | $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots C g$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C4}^{\prime}-\mathrm{H}^{\prime} 2 \cdots C g^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.99 | 2.74 | $3.595(5)$ | 145.0 |
| Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1,-y+1,-z ;$ | $\left(\right.$ ii) $x+\frac{3}{2}, y-\frac{1}{2},-z+\frac{1}{2}$. |  |  |  |

Data collection: EXPOSE in IPDS-I (Stoe \& Cie, 2000); cell refinement: CELL in IPDS-I; data reduction: INTEGRATE in IPDS-I; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: Mercury (Macrae et al., 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97 and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LX2134).

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## supplementary materials

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## Comment

The title compound has been used as a building block for the elaboration of organic-electronic materials, for example as a monomer for the synthesis of conjugated polymers (Van Heyningen et al., 2003; Mayor \& Didschies, 2003). Our interest in this compound lies in the possibility of using it as a spacer-unit in linked materials for the creation of structured, discotic mesophases. The synthesis of the title compound has been reported by various groups (Van Heyningen et al., 2003; Mayor \& Didschies, 2003; Plater et al., 2004). Here it was synthesized by iodination of 1,4-bis(hexyloxy)benzene (Castanet et al., 2002). The crystal structure of the bromo-analogue, synthesized by (Maruyama \& Kawanishi, 2002), has been described by (Li et al., 2008).

The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1. Bond lengths are normal (Allen et al., 1987) and similar to those in the bromo-analogue ( Li et al., 2008). The molecule possesses $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}$ symmetry with the inversion center situated at the center of the aromatic ring. The alkyl chains adopt a fully extended all-trans conformation. The C-atoms of the alkyl chain are almost coplanar (max. deviation of 0.052 (5) $\AA$ ) and this mean plane is inclined to the benzene ring by $50.3(3)^{\circ}$. In the bromo-analogue the alkyl chains also adopt a fully extended all-trans conformation. The alkyl C-atoms are also coplanar [max. deviation of 0.034 (4) $\AA$ ] but here lie almost in the same plane as the aromatic ring, with a dihedral angle of $4.1(2)^{\circ}$.

The different comformations of the two compounds are illustrated in Fig. 2. It can be seen that the alkyl chains are orientated differently with respect to the C (aromatic)—O bonds. The $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 2^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 3$ ' torsion angle is $55.8(5)^{\circ}$ in the title compound (Fig. 2b), while in the bromo-analogue this same angle is -179.1 (2) ${ }^{\circ}$ (Fig. 2a). In the crystal structure of the title compound there are no halide $\cdots$ halide interactions, in contrast to the $\mathrm{Br} \cdots \mathrm{Br}$ interactions [3.410 (3) $\AA$ ] observed in the bromo-analogue. However, symmetry related molecules are linked by $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ interactions leading to the formation of a two-dimensional network (Table 1 and Fig. 3; Cg is the centroid of the $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3 / \mathrm{C} 1^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 3^{\mathrm{i}}$ benzene ring).

## Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by iodination of 1,4-bis(hexyloxy)benzene (Castanet et al., 2002). To a solution of 1,4-bis(hexyloxy)benzene ( 0.75 mmol ) and N -iodosuccinimide ( 2.40 mmol ) in dry acetonitrile ( 5.0 ml ) was added trifluoroacetic acid ( 1.50 mmol ) at RT. The mixture was heated and stirred at 363 K for 2 h . The reaction mixture was then cooled to RT and concentrated. Diethyl ether ( 30 ml ) was added and the heterogeneous mixture was filtered to remove the white precipitate of succinimide that had formed. The organic layer was then washed with $10 \% \mathrm{NaHSO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})(3 \times 30 \mathrm{ml})$ and dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$. The crude product was purified by column chromatography [silica gel, Petroleum ether : $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5: 1)$ ] and recrystallisation in methanol. Single crystals of the title compound were grown by slow evaporation of a concentrated solution in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ at RT. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}, 400 \mathrm{MHz}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{3}, 3^{\mathrm{i}}\right), 3.93\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{1^{\prime}}\right), 1.80$ (quint, $\mathrm{J}=6.6$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{2^{\prime}}\right), 1.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{3^{\prime}}\right), 1.35\left(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}_{4^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}}\right), 0.91\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}_{6^{\prime}}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR, $100 \mathrm{MHz}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 152.8\left(\mathrm{C}_{2,2^{\mathrm{i}}}\right)$,
$122.7\left(\mathrm{C}_{3,3}{ }^{\mathrm{i}}\right), 86.3\left(\mathrm{C}_{1,1^{1}}\right)$, $70.3\left(\mathrm{C}_{1^{\prime}}\right), 31.4\left(\mathrm{C}_{5^{\prime}}\right), 29.1\left(\mathrm{C}_{2^{\prime}}\right), 25.7\left(\mathrm{C}_{3^{\prime}}\right), 22.6\left(\mathrm{C}_{4}\right), 14.0\left(\mathrm{C}_{6^{\prime}}\right)$; MS $(\mathrm{EI}):[\mathrm{M}]^{+}=529.95$. The same numbering scheme has been used for the crystal structure.

## Refinement

The H-atoms could all be located in difference electron-density maps. In the final cycles of refinement they were included in calculated positions and treated as riding atoms: $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.98-0.99 \AA$, with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=\mathrm{k} \times U_{\text {eq }}$ (parent C-atom), where $\mathrm{k}=1.2$ for H -aromatic and H -methylene, and 1.5 for H -methyl.

## Figures



Fig. 1. A view of the molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipoids drawn at the $50 \%$ probabilty level. Atoms labelled ${ }^{i}$ are related to the other atoms by the symmetry operation $-x+1,-y+1,-z$.

Fig. 2. A view of the different molecular conformations in (a) the bromo-analogue (Li et al., 2008), and (b) the title compound. The H -atoms have been omitted for clarity.

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## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{I}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$

$$
F(000)=516
$$

$M_{r}=530.20$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.767 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / n$
Hall symbol: -P 2yn
$a=9.4481$ (9) $\AA$
$b=7.8455$ (6) $\AA$
$c=13.457(2) \AA$
$\beta=92.148(12)^{\circ}$
$V=996.80(16) \AA^{3}$
Fig. 3. A view along the $a$-axis of the crystal packing in the title compound. The $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ interactions are illustrated by the $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{C}$ contacts [ $\mathrm{H} 4{ }^{\prime} 2 \cdots \mathrm{C}$-atoms of the benzene ring] of 2.9-3.2 $\AA$, drawn as dotted cyan lines. H -atoms not involved in the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \pi$ interactions have been omitted for clarity; symmetry code (ii) $-\mathrm{x}+3 / 2, \mathrm{y}-1 / 2,-\mathrm{z}+1 / 2$.
$Z=2$

## Data collection

STOE IPDS
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite
$\varphi$ rotation scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
MULscanABS in PLATON (Spek, 2009)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.952, T_{\text {max }}=1.042$
7660 measured reflections

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.029$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.055$
$S=0.79$
1962 reflections
101 parameters
0 restraints

1962 independent reflections
1216 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.058$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=26.1^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.6^{\circ}$
$h=-11 \rightarrow 11$
$k=-9 \rightarrow 9$
$l=-16 \rightarrow 16$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.0227 P)^{2}\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.81$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min }=-1.31 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$

## Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor wR and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $A^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I1 | $0.82998(3)$ | $0.69287(4)$ | $0.01561(3)$ | $0.0307(1)$ |
| O1 | $0.7295(3)$ | $0.3497(4)$ | $0.0975(2)$ | $0.0276(10)$ |
| C1 | $0.6122(4)$ | $0.4192(6)$ | $0.0508(3)$ | $0.0215(14)$ |
| C1 $^{\prime}$ | $0.7158(4)$ | $0.1961(7)$ | $0.1533(3)$ | $0.0279(16)$ |
| C2 | $0.6307(4)$ | $0.5768(6)$ | $0.0054(3)$ | $0.0214(16)$ |
| C2 $^{\prime}$ | $0.8638(5)$ | $0.1475(6)$ | $0.1902(4)$ | $0.0286(16)$ |
| C3 | $0.5180(4)$ | $0.6593(6)$ | $-0.0459(3)$ | $0.0170(14)$ |
| C3 $^{\prime}$ | $0.9402(4)$ | $0.2857(6)$ | $0.2498(3)$ | $0.0242(16)$ |

## supplementary materials

| C4' | $1.0897(5)$ | $0.2350(6)$ | $0.2818(3)$ | $0.0261(16)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C5' | $1.1699(5)$ | $0.3737(6)$ | $0.3398(4)$ | $0.0332(17)$ |
| C6' $^{\prime}$ | $1.3227(5)$ | $0.3225(8)$ | $0.3657(4)$ | $0.0373(16)$ |
| H1'1 $^{\text {H }}$ | 0.67420 | 0.10460 | 0.11080 | $0.0340^{*}$ |
| H1'2 | 0.65390 | 0.21470 | 0.21010 | $0.0340^{*}$ |
| H3 | 0.53150 | 0.76690 | -0.07650 | $0.0210^{*}$ |
| H2'1 | 0.92060 | 0.11840 | 0.13220 | $0.0340^{*}$ |
| H2'2 | 0.85780 | 0.04420 | 0.23210 | $0.0340^{*}$ |
| H3'1 | 0.94350 | 0.39070 | 0.20920 | $0.0290^{*}$ |
| H3'2 | 0.88620 | 0.31150 | 0.30960 | $0.0290^{*}$ |
| H4'1 | 1.14270 | 0.20610 | 0.22190 | $0.0310^{*}$ |
| H4'2 | 1.08590 | 0.13140 | 0.32350 | $0.0310^{*}$ |
| H5'1 | 1.12050 | 0.39790 | 0.40180 | $0.0400^{*}$ |
| H5'2 | 1.16960 | 0.47950 | 0.29970 | $0.0400^{*}$ |
| H6'1 | 1.32350 | 0.21600 | 0.40380 | $0.0560^{*}$ |
| H6'2 | 1.36880 | 0.41260 | 0.40570 | $0.0560^{*}$ |
| H6'3 | 1.37380 | 0.30610 | 0.30440 | $0.0560^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I1 | $0.0231(1)$ | $0.0311(2)$ | $0.0374(2)$ | $-0.0054(2)$ | $-0.0051(1)$ | $0.0055(2)$ |
| O1 | $0.0202(14)$ | $0.026(2)$ | $0.0358(19)$ | $-0.0003(12)$ | $-0.0093(13)$ | $0.0145(15)$ |
| C1 | $0.019(2)$ | $0.021(3)$ | $0.024(2)$ | $0.0025(18)$ | $-0.0054(18)$ | $-0.001(2)$ |
| C1' | $0.028(2)$ | $0.021(3)$ | $0.034(3)$ | $-0.003(2)$ | $-0.0063(19)$ | $0.007(3)$ |
| C2 | $0.021(2)$ | $0.023(3)$ | $0.020(3)$ | $-0.0020(18)$ | $-0.0013(17)$ | $-0.003(2)$ |
| C2' | $0.029(2)$ | $0.025(3)$ | $0.031(3)$ | $0.001(2)$ | $-0.008(2)$ | $0.005(2)$ |
| C3 | $0.0108(19)$ | $0.022(3)$ | $0.018(2)$ | $-0.0001(18)$ | $-0.0003(16)$ | $-0.001(2)$ |
| C3' | $0.022(2)$ | $0.023(3)$ | $0.027(3)$ | $0.002(2)$ | $-0.0054(18)$ | $0.004(2)$ |
| C4 $^{\prime}$ | $0.028(2)$ | $0.026(3)$ | $0.024(3)$ | $0.0020(18)$ | $-0.004(2)$ | $0.006(2)$ |
| C5' $^{\prime}$ | $0.031(3)$ | $0.025(3)$ | $0.043(3)$ | $-0.001(2)$ | $-0.007(2)$ | $0.008(2)$ |
| C6 $^{\prime}$ | $0.027(2)$ | $0.039(3)$ | $0.045(3)$ | $-0.006(3)$ | $-0.010(2)$ | $0.002(3)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| I1-C2 | 2.091 (4) | C2'-H2'1 | 0.9900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| O1-C1 | 1.367 (5) | C2'-H2'2 | 0.9900 |
| O1-C1' | 1.428 (6) | C3-H3 | 0.9500 |
| C1-C2 | 1.393 (6) | C3'-H3'1 | 0.9900 |
| C1-C3 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.375 (6) | C3'-H3'2 | 0.9900 |
| C1'-C2' | 1.515 (6) | C4'-H4'1 | 0.9900 |
| C2-C3 | 1.405 (6) | C4'- $\mathbf{H}^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} 2$ | 0.9900 |
| C2'-C3' | 1.515 (7) | C5'-H5'1 | 0.9900 |
| C3'-C4' | 1.514 (6) | C5'-H5'2 | 0.9900 |
| C4'-C5' | 1.524 (7) | C6'-H6' 1 | 0.9800 |
| C5'-C6' | 1.526 (7) | C6'- ${ }^{\prime} 6^{\prime} 2$ | 0.9800 |
| C1'-H1'1 | 0.9900 | C6'-H6'3 | 0.9800 |

## sup-4

supplementary materials

| $\mathrm{I} 1 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1$ | 3.073 (3) | H2'1 $\cdots$ H ${ }^{\prime} 1$ | 2.4800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I} 1 \cdots \mathrm{C} 6^{\text {ii }}$ | 3.736 (5) | H2'2 ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ H4'2 | 2.5400 |
| I1 $\cdots \mathrm{H} 32^{\text {iii }}$ | 3.3100 | $\mathrm{H} 22^{\prime} \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\text {vii }}$ | 2.9000 |
| $\mathrm{I} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 41^{\text {iv }}$ | 3.3100 | $\mathrm{H} 22^{\prime} \cdots \mathrm{C} 1^{\text {vii }}$ | 3.0800 |
| O1 $\cdots$ I1 | 3.073 (3) | H3'1 $\cdots$ O1 | 2.4900 |
| O1 $\cdots{ }^{\text {H }} 1$ | 2.4900 | H3'1 $\cdots$ H5'2 | 2.5200 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 22^{\text {iii }}$ | 2.9000 | H3'2 ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\text {H }} 5^{\prime} 1$ | 2.5900 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 6^{1}{ }^{\mathrm{v}}$ | 2.8300 | H3'2 $\cdots$ I1 ${ }^{\text {vii }}$ | 3.3100 |
| C6'...11 ${ }^{\text {vi }}$ | 3.736 (5) | H4'1 $\cdots$ H2'1 | 2.4800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 42^{\text {iii }}$ | 3.0600 | H4'1 $\cdots{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} 3$ | 2.5400 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 42^{\text {v }}$ | 3.0900 | H4'1 $\cdots{ }^{\prime} 5^{\prime} 2^{\text {vi }}$ | 2.5400 |
| C1 $\cdots{ }^{2} 2^{\text {iii }}$ | 3.0800 | $\mathrm{H} 411 \cdots \mathrm{l} 1^{\text {iv }}$ | 3.3100 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 61^{\text {v }}$ | 3.0500 | H4'2 $\cdots{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} 2$ | 2.5400 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\prime} \cdots \mathrm{H} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 2.5400 | H4'2 ${ }^{\text {\% }}{ }^{\text {H }}{ }^{\prime} 1$ | 2.5400 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 \cdots \mathrm{H} 42^{\text {v }}$ | 2.9600 | $\mathrm{H} 4{ }^{2} \cdots{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{Cl}^{\text {vii }}$ | 3.0600 |
| C3 $\cdots$ H5' $1^{\text {iii }}$ | 3.0300 | $\mathrm{H} 42^{\prime} \cdots \mathrm{C} 1^{\text {viii }}$ | 3.0900 |
| C3 $\cdots{ }^{\text {c }}$ ' $2^{\text {i }}$ | 2.8700 | H4'2 $\cdots$ C2 $2^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3 \cdots \mathrm{H} 42^{\text {v }}$ | 2.9600 | H4'2 ${ }^{\text {c }} \mathrm{C}^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.9600 |
|  | 2.7200 | H5' $1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 3^{\prime} 2$ | 2.5900 |
| $\mathrm{H} 11^{\prime} \cdots \mathrm{C} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 2.7200 | $\mathrm{H} 511 \cdots \mathrm{C} 3^{\text {vii }}$ | 3.0300 |
| $\mathrm{H} 1^{\prime} 1 \cdots \mathrm{H} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 2.2200 | H5'2 $\cdots$ H3'1 | 2.5200 |
| $\mathrm{H} 122 \cdots \mathrm{C} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 2.8700 | H5'2 $\cdots \mathrm{H} 41^{\text {ii }}$ | 2.5400 |
| H1'2 $\cdots{ }^{\text {a }}{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.4700 | H6' ${ }^{\prime}$ - ${ }^{\text {H }}$ ' 2 | 2.5400 |
| $\mathrm{H} 3 \cdots \mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | 2.5400 | H6' $1 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\text {viii }}$ | 2.8300 |
| H3 $\cdots{ }^{\text {ch }}$ '1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 2.2200 | H6' ${ }^{\prime}$ C $1^{\text {viii }}$ | 3.0500 |
| H3 $\cdots{ }^{\text {H }}{ }^{\prime} 2^{\text {i }}$ | 2.4700 | $\mathrm{H}^{\prime} 3 \cdots \mathrm{H}{ }^{\prime} 1$ | 2.5400 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\prime}$ | 119.4 (3) | C2-C3-H3 | 121.00 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 116.3 (3) | $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 121.00 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 123.5 (4) | C2'-C3'-H3'1 | 109.00 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 120.2 (4) | C2'-C3'-H3'2 | 109.00 |
| O1-C1'- $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ | 106.5 (3) | C4'- $\mathbf{C}^{\prime}$ - $-\mathrm{H} 3^{\prime} 1$ | 109.00 |
| I1-C2-C1 | 119.0 (3) | C4'- ${ }^{\prime} 3^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} 3^{\prime} 2$ | 109.00 |
| I1-C2-C3 | 119.7 (3) | H3'1-C3'-H3'2 | 108.00 |
| C1-C2-C3 | 121.3 (4) | C3'-C4'-H4'1 | 109.00 |
| C1'-C2'-C3' | 114.1 (4) | C3'-C4'- $\mathbf{H}^{\prime}$ '2 | 109.00 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 118.5 (4) | C5'-C4'- ${ }^{\prime} 4^{\prime} 1$ | 109.00 |
| C2'- $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ - $\mathrm{C} 4^{\prime}$ | 112.5 (4) | C5'-C4'-H4'2 | 109.00 |
| C3'- ${ }^{\prime} 4^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 5^{\prime}$ | 113.5 (4) | H4'1-C4'- ${ }^{\prime} 4^{\prime} 2$ | 108.00 |
| C4'-C5'- ${ }^{\text {c }}{ }^{\prime}$ | 112.1 (4) | C4'- ${ }^{\text {C }}{ }^{\prime}$ - ${ }^{\text {H }}{ }^{\prime} 1$ | 109.00 |
| O1-C1'-H1'1 | 110.00 | C4'- ${ }^{\text {C }}{ }^{\prime}$ - $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} 2$ | 109.00 |
| O1-C1'-H1'2 | 110.00 | C6'-C5'- ${ }^{\prime} 5^{\prime} 1$ | 109.00 |
| C2'-C1'-H1'1 | 110.00 | C6'-C5'- ${ }^{\prime} 5^{\prime} 2$ | 109.00 |
| C2'- $\mathrm{Cl}^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} 1{ }^{\prime} 2$ | 110.00 | H5'1-C5'-H5'2 | 108.00 |

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| $\mathrm{H} 1{ }^{\prime} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ - ${ }^{\text {H1'2 }}$ | 109.00 | C5'-C6'-H6' | 109.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 2{ }^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} 2^{\prime} 1$ | 109.00 | C5'-C6'-H6'2 | 109.00 |
| C1'- $\mathbf{C 2}^{\prime}$ - $-\mathrm{H} 2^{\prime} 2$ | 109.00 | C5'- $\mathbf{C 6}^{\prime}$ - $\mathrm{H} 6^{\prime} 3$ | 110.00 |
| C3'- $\mathbf{C 2}^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} 2^{\prime} 1$ | 109.00 | H6'1-C6'- ${ }^{\text {H }}{ }^{\prime} 2$ | 109.00 |
| C3'- ${ }^{\prime} 2^{\prime}-\mathrm{H} 2^{\prime} 2$ | 109.00 | H6' 1 - $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ - $\mathrm{H}^{\prime} \mathbf{'}^{3}$ | 110.00 |
| H2'1-C2'-H2'2 | 108.00 | H6'2-C6'-H6'3 | 110.00 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 174.3 (4) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | -0.2 (6) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\prime}-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3^{\text {i }}$ | -6.7 (6) | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{Cl}^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 2^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 3^{\prime}$ | 55.8 (5) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{Cl}^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 2^{\prime}$ | 176.8 (4) | $\mathrm{I} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | -179.5 (3) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{I} 1$ | -1.5 (5) | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | -0.2 (6) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 179.2 (4) | C1'-C2'-C3'- ${ }^{\prime} 4^{\prime}$ | -177.7 (4) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3{ }^{\text {i }}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{I} 1$ | 179.5 (3) | C2'-C3'- $\mathbf{C l}^{\prime}-\mathrm{C} 5^{\prime}$ | 178.6 (4) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 0.2 (6) | C3'-C4'- $\mathbf{C}^{\prime}$ '- $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$ | -176.7 (4) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3{ }^{\text {i }}-\mathrm{C} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | -179.1 (4) |  |  |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1,-y+1,-z$; (ii) $-x+5 / 2, y+1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$; (iii) $-x+3 / 2, y+1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$; (iv) $-x+2,-y+1,-z$; (v) $x-1 / 2,-y+1 / 2$, $z-1 / 2$; (vi) $-x+5 / 2, y-1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$; (vii) $-x+3 / 2, y-1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$; (viii) $x+1 / 2,-y+1 / 2, z+1 / 2$.

## Table 1

$C-H \cdots \pi$ interactions ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )
Cg 1 is the centroid of the $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 3 / \mathrm{C} 1^{i}-\mathrm{C} 3^{\mathrm{i}}$ ring.
D-H $\cdots$ centroid
C-H
$\mathrm{H}^{\cdots} \mathrm{Cg}$
D $\cdots \mathrm{Cg}$
$\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cg}$
C4'—H4'2 $\cdots \mathrm{Cg}^{\text {ii }}$
0.99
2.74
3.595 (5)
145.0

Symmetry codes: (i) $-\mathrm{x}+1,-\mathrm{y}+1,-\mathrm{z}$; (ii) $-\mathrm{x}+3 / 2, \mathrm{y}-1 / 2,-\mathrm{z}+1 / 2$.

## supplementary materials

Fig. 1


## supplementary materials

Fig. 2

(a)

(b)

Fig. 3


